Chukchi Campus: UAF

Anchor Institutions: Workforce Development





Chukchi Campus:

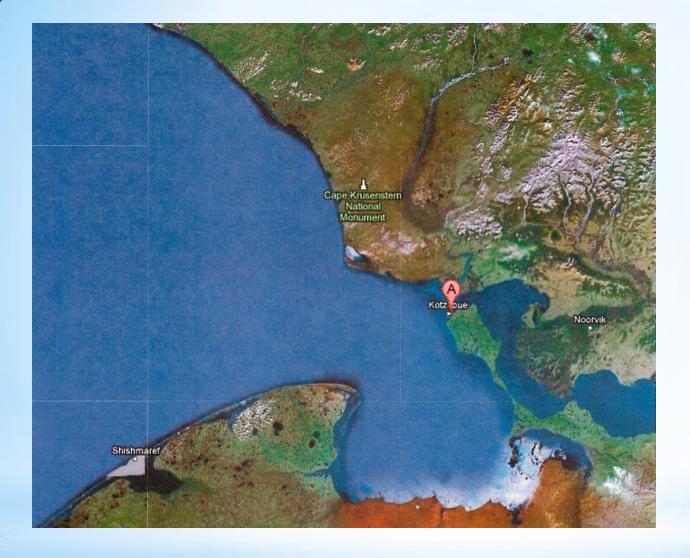
Anchor Institution for Northwest Arctic Borough, Alaska



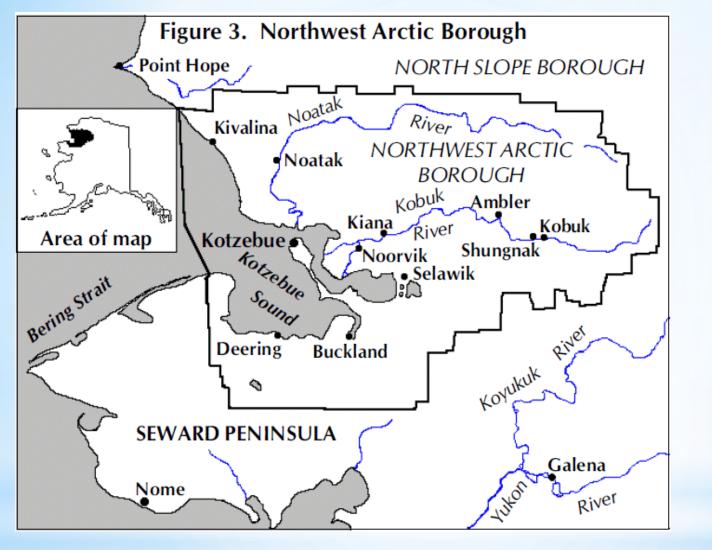
Kotzebue, AK:



Baldwin Peninsula



Northwest Arctic Borough



Chukchi Campus: Serves Kotzebue and 10 Outlying Villages in NWAB



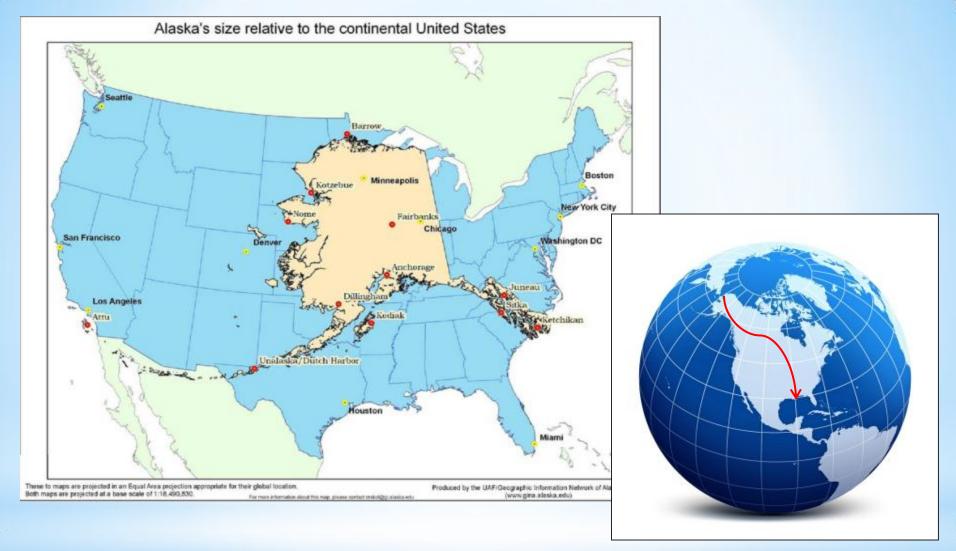
*Remote and mostly roadless

*Water transportation limited from fall (September-October) ice-up until spring (May-June) break-up.

*Heavily dependent on air travel which grows ever more expensive.

*If something isn't barged in during summer, it's flown in.

*Alaska is expensive Rural Alaska... even more so



Some Perspective on Shipping Costs

<u>Monthly</u> Heating Oil Cost depending on quality of home construction (Kotzebue prices, villages without summer barge service face much higher costs)

	Average Construction	Poorly Insulated Construction
Stove Oil gal /winter month	130	600
Price of Stove Oil in Kotzebue 2012*	\$6.30/gal*	\$6.30/gal*
Cost of one month of heat	\$819	\$3780

*The High Cost of Fuel to Heat Homes

*Defining <u>Subsistence</u>: "customary and traditional uses of wild resources for food, clothing, fuel, transportation, construction, arts, crafts, sharing, and customary trade."



*Mixed Subsistence-Cash Economy

Wild food harvests in Alaska: Nutritional and replacement values

			Percent of population's required:					
	Annual wild food harvest (pounds per person)	Annual wild food harvest (total pounds usable weight)		Calories (2,250 calories/day) (without plants)	Estimated wild food replacement value at \$3.50/pound	Estimated wild food replacement value at \$7/pound		
	180				\$4,615,080	\$9,230,16		
	*Annual Pe	ounds per i	person 3	16 16%	\$7,666,442	\$15,332,88		
	2017	0,020,700	1	21%	\$20,400,751 \$12,001,955	\$40,801,50 \$24,003,91		
utian	*31% of Ca	alories a da	aν		\$12,815,971	\$25,631,94		
	127		2007		\$27 072 422	\$74,146,86		
	*Replacen	nent value	at \$3.50)/lb = @ \$^	1,1069.491.319	\$78,982,63		
	*Replacen				\$134.064.951	\$268,129,90		
					\$1,689,123	\$3,378,24		
						\$5,938,03		
itna an					\$8,447,434 \$7,8 <u>66,5</u> 95	\$16,894,86		
Avg. Rural Alaska Wild Food								
	23 23		H	arve	st Val	ue		
						\$364,801,42		

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rban areas etchikan area ncau area atanuska–Susit

urbanks-D enai Penins nchorage area aldez udhoe Bay

laska total

26

*Cash Sector

*Unstable and seasonal, low absolute value

*Much of cash is invested into maintaining subsistence activities

Ice auger

BOAT & ENGINE 4-wheeler *Mixed Subsistence-Cash

WINTER WEATHER GEAR

Economy

Knives, guns, nets, ammo, hooks, floats, tools

SNOW MACHINE

*Rural jobs often taken by trained people from outside rural Alaska

- *Teachers
- *Health workers
- *Government agencies
- *Law enforcement
- *Expensive, high turnover rates, not well tied to the region

*Workforce Development for Rural Residents to Get Jobs

HUD OUP and Chukchi Campus

*HUD OUP has assisted Chukchi Campus in bringing education and workforce development to the Northwest Arctic Borough

*Chukchi Campus has completed 3 HUD OUP grant supported projects and we are in the middle of our 4th.

From Earliest Project...

*HUD OUP and Chukchi have focused on workforce development in construction and maintenance

Sulainich Arts Center





*Sulainich Arts Center



Direct workforce development of carpentry skills for renovation breeds ongoing economic benefits creating a space for art and craft production and sales



Showroom

HUD OUP and Chukchi Campus



*Workforce development = KEY component of these activities.

- *Construction and Maintenance work
 - * one of few paid employment opportunities in rural Alaska
 - * Increased training opportunities, particularly attractive for young males in the region
 - * High demand for new construction, weatherization, repairs, maintenance



*Construction and Maintenance - in high demand

Partners in Workforce Development

*Partnerships with community, regional, state, and federal agencies.







*Link Fairbanks's Cold Climate Housing Research Center to local housing authority.

*Design a prototype high efficiency arctic home.

*Train in new techniques and equipment Trainees construct prototype home with oversight of housing authority

*Current Project: Tuppiñiałig Alapaaŋuruami (Building our Arctic Home)



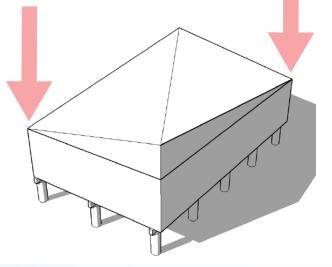
*Buckland, AK

*Community Involvement and Consultation

* 10 trainees from Buckland trained in construction at Alaska Technical Center



LOWER THE CORNERS

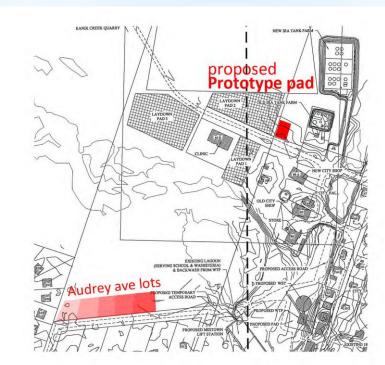


• The prototype:

- Efficient, healthy, dry & safe home
- Seeks community input and guidance
- Research and testing of new methods
- Acknowledges the high costs of energy

PREFABRICATED TRUSSES

* Design from Cold Climate Housing Research Center Fairbanks



*Current status: Environmental Review, Permits and Planning

*How do you measure success in Rural Alaska?

*Very small population density

* Population of Louisiana 4,574,000 vs. Population of Alaska 710,000

* Population of New Orleans 343,829 vs. Population of NWAB 7,523

*Mixed Subsistence - cash economy where success is not always characterized as a full time job

*Measuring Impact of HUD OUP Program at Chukchi

*Finishing training



*Continuing on to additional training and education



*Full time jobs in construction or maintenance



*Seasonal or occasional cash employment



*Informal work on extended family and community projects.
*Fish Camp
*Weatherization
*Repairs

*Increased self-worth and importance as role models





*Questions?